

### **History link**

World War Two was the most destructive global conflict in history. It began when Nazi Germany unleashed ferocious attacks across Europe - but it spread to the Soviet Union, China, Japan and the United States.

Cities were destroyed by air raids, the atom bomb was dropped on Japan and six million Jews were killed in the Holocaust. Over 50 million soldiers and civilians died. However, the war that consumed half the world started with a peace agreement.

Rhineland,

violating

the treaty

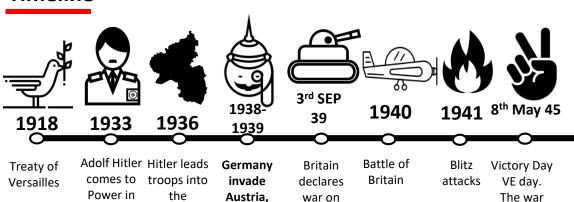
Germany

#### **Local Area**

The **Plymouth Blitz** was a <u>series of bombing raids</u> carried out by the <u>Nazi German Luftwaffe</u> on the English city of <u>Plymouth</u> in the <u>Second World War</u>. The bombings launched on numerous British cities were known as the Blitz.

The dockyards at Devonport were the main target of the German air force during World War Two, but often their bombs fell on the city. The first bombs fell on Plymouth in July 1940 killing three people. In early 1941five raids reduced much of the city to rubble. Attacks continued as late as May 1944. During the war the two main shopping centres of Plymouth and nearly every civic building were destroyed. 26 schools, eight cinemas and 41 churches were also destroyed. In total, 3,754 houses were destroyed with a further 18,398 seriously damaged.

## Timeline



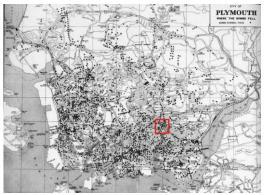
Germany

Czech and

**Poland** 

### **Mapping**





ends



<u>treaty -</u> a formally concluded and ratified agreement between states <u>appeasement -</u> the action or process of appeasing.

<u>Reparations</u>-the compensation for war damage paid by a defeated state <u>invasion</u>-an instance of invading a country or region with an armed force <u>Ally</u>-a state formally cooperating with another for a military or other purpose.

Axis- an agreement or alliance between two or more countries

**Rationing-**allow each person to have only a fixed amount of

**Evacuation** -the action of evacuating a person or a place.

<u>economic depression</u> a long and severe recession in an economy <u>censorship</u> the suppression or prohibition of any parts of books, films, news, etc. that are considered obscene, politically unacceptable, or a threat to security.

<u>Anschluss-("joining")</u> refers to the annexation of Austria into Nazi Germany on 12 March 1938.

<u>Lebensraum</u> – Living space

<u>Gestapo</u> -was the official secret police of Nazi Germany and German-occupied Europe

**home front-**full participation of the British public in WW2

Holocaust (Sho'ah)- The murdering of Jewish people during WW2

**Genocide-** the deliberate killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular nation or ethnic group.

**Dictatorship-** government by a dictator.

Fascism - is a form of far-right.



http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/Br itain.html

https://www.bbc.co.uk/history/handsonhist ory/ww2.shtml

https://www.dkfindout.com/uk/history/world-war-ii/

# Enquiry Questions

Did Plymouth benefit in any way from WW2? What was the impact of World War II on people in our locality?

How significant was the impact of World War II on women? How significant was the Blitz?